SAFETY DATA SHEET
LAHABRA PERMA PRIME

1. Identification

Product identifier

Product name LAHABRA PERMA PRIME
Product number 3767

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Application Primer.
Uses advised against No specific uses advised against are identified.

Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Manufacturer ParexUSA, Inc.
4125 E. La Palma Ave, Suite 250
Anaheim, CA 92807, USA
T: 1-800-226-2424
F: 1-714-774-2079

Contact Information
Technical Department
technicalservice@parexusa.com
www.parexusa.com

Emergency telephone number

Emergency telephone CHEMTREC
1-800-424-9300

2. Hazard(s) identification

Classification of the substance or mixture

Physical hazards Not Classified

Health hazards Skin Irrit. 2 - H315 Carc. 1A - H350 Repr. 2 - H361

Environmental hazards Not Classified

Label elements

Hazard symbols

Signal word Danger

Hazard statements H315 Causes skin irritation.
H350 May cause cancer.
H361 Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.
LAHABRA PERMA PRIME

Precautionary statements
P201 Obtain special instructions before use.
P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.
P264 Wash contaminated skin thoroughly after handling.
P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection.
P302+P352 If on skin: Wash with plenty of water.
P308+P313 If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/ attention.
P321 Specific treatment (see medical advice on this label).
P332+P313 If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/ attention.
P362+P364 Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.
P405 Store locked up.
P501 Dispose of contents/ container in accordance with national regulations.

Contains
Quartz

Other hazards
This product does not contain any substances classified as PBT or vPvB.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Mixtures

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Substance</th>
<th>Percentage</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Calcium Carbonate</td>
<td>30-60%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Titanium Dioxide</td>
<td>1-5%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Quartz</td>
<td>&lt;1%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>diuron (ISO)</td>
<td>&lt;1%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Calcium Carbonate
CAS number: 1317-65-3
Classification
Skin Irrit. 2 - H315

Titanium Dioxide
CAS number: 13463-67-7
Classification
Not Classified

Quartz
CAS number: 14808-60-7
Classification
Carc. 1A - H350
STOT RE 1 - H372

diuron (ISO)
CAS number: 330-54-1
M factor (Acute) = 1
M factor (Chronic) = 1
Classification
Acute Tox. 4 - H302
Carc. 2 - H351
STOT RE 2 - H373
Aquatic Acute 1 - H400
Aquatic Chronic 1 - H410

The full text for all hazard statements is displayed in Section 16.
**Composition comments**
The exact percentage is withheld as a trade secret in accordance with 29 CFR 1910.1200.

### 4. First-aid measures

**Description of first aid measures**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>General information</th>
<th>Get medical attention immediately. Show this Safety Data Sheet to the medical personnel.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Inhalation</td>
<td>Remove affected person from source of contamination. Move affected person to fresh air and keep warm and at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as collar, tie or belt. When breathing is difficult, properly trained personnel may assist affected person by administering oxygen. Place unconscious person on their side in the recovery position and ensure breathing can take place.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ingestion</td>
<td>Rinse mouth thoroughly with water. Remove any dentures. Give a few small glasses of water or milk to drink. Stop if the affected person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless under the direction of medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Move affected person to fresh air and keep warm and at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Place unconscious person on their side in the recovery position and ensure breathing can take place. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as collar, tie or belt.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Skin Contact</td>
<td>Rinse with water.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Eye contact</td>
<td>Rinse immediately with plenty of water. Remove any contact lenses and open eyelids wide apart. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Protection of first aiders</td>
<td>First aid personnel should wear appropriate protective equipment during any rescue. If it is suspected that volatile contaminants are still present around the affected person, first aid personnel should wear an appropriate respirator or self-contained breathing apparatus. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it from the affected person, or wear gloves. It may be dangerous for first aid personnel to carry out mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

#### Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>General information</th>
<th>See Section 11 for additional information on health hazards. The severity of the symptoms described will vary dependent on the concentration and the length of exposure.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Inhalation</td>
<td>Prolonged inhalation of high concentrations may damage respiratory system. Prolonged or repeated exposure may cause the following adverse effects: May cause cancer.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ingestion</td>
<td>May cause irritation. Prolonged or repeated exposure may cause the following adverse effects: May cause cancer.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Skin contact</td>
<td>Redness. Irritating to skin. Prolonged or repeated exposure may cause the following adverse effects: May cause cancer.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Eye contact</td>
<td>May cause temporary eye irritation.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

#### Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

| Notes for the doctor | Treat symptomatically. |

### 5. Fire-fighting measures

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Extinguishing media</th>
<th>Suitable extinguishing media</th>
<th>The product is not flammable. Extinguish with alcohol-resistant foam, carbon dioxide, dry powder or water fog. Use fire-extinguishing media suitable for the surrounding fire.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Unsuitable extinguishing media</td>
<td>Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
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Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Specific hazards</th>
<th>Containers can burst violently or explode when heated, due to excessive pressure build-up.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Hazardous combustion products</td>
<td>Thermal decomposition or combustion products may include the following substances: Harmful gases or vapors.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Advice for firefighters

| Protective actions during firefighting | Avoid breathing fire gases or vapors. Evacuate area. Keep upwind to avoid inhalation of gases, vapors, fumes and smoke. Ventilate closed spaces before entering them. Cool containers exposed to heat with water spray and remove them from the fire area if it can be done without risk. Cool containers exposed to flames with water until well after the fire is out. If a leak or spill has not ignited, use water spray to disperse vapors and protect men stopping the leak. Control run-off water by containing and keeping it out of sewers and watercourses. If risk of water pollution occurs, notify appropriate authorities. |
| Special protective equipment for firefighters | Wear positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and appropriate protective clothing. Standard Firefighter's clothing including helmets, protective boots and gloves will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents. |

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

| Personal precautions | No action shall be taken without appropriate training or involving any personal risk. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel away from the spillage. Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. Follow precautions for safe handling described in this safety data sheet. Wash thoroughly after dealing with a spillage. Ensure procedures and training for emergency decontamination and disposal are in place. Do not touch or walk into spilled material. |
| Environmental precautions | Avoid discharge into drains or watercourses or onto the ground. Avoid discharge to the aquatic environment. |

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

| Methods for cleaning up | Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. Clear up spills immediately and dispose of waste safely. Small Spillages: Collect spillage. Large Spillages: Absorb spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material. The contaminated absorbent may pose the same hazard as the spilled material. Collect and place in suitable waste disposal containers and seal securely. Label the containers containing waste and contaminated materials and remove from the area as soon as possible. Flush contaminated area with plenty of water. Wash thoroughly after dealing with a spillage. For waste disposal, see Section 13. |

Reference to other sections

| Reference to other sections | For personal protection, see Section 8. See Section 11 for additional information on health hazards. See Section 12 for additional information on ecological hazards. For waste disposal, see Section 13. |

7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling
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Usage precautions
Read and follow manufacturer's recommendations. Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. Keep away from food, drink and animal feeding stuffs. Handle all packages and containers carefully to minimize spills. Keep container tightly sealed when not in use. Avoid the formation of mists. May cause cancer. Suspected of damaging fertility. Suspected of damaging the unborn child. Pregnant or breastfeeding women should not work with this product if there is any risk of exposure. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not handle broken packages without protective equipment. Do not reuse empty containers.

Advice on general occupational hygiene
Wash promptly if skin becomes contaminated. Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash at the end of each work shift and before eating, smoking and using the toilet. Change work clothing daily before leaving workplace.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities
Storage precautions
Store locked up. Keep only in the original container. Keep container tightly closed, in a cool, well ventilated place. Keep containers upright. Protect containers from damage. Utilize retaining walls to prevent soil and water pollution in the event of spillage. The storage area floor should be leak-tight, jointless and not absorbent.

Storage class
Chemical storage.

Specific end use(s)
The identified uses for this product are detailed in Section 1.

8. Exposure controls/Personal protection

Control parameters
Occupational exposure limits

Calcium Carbonate
Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): OSHA 5 mg/m³ respirable fraction
Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): OSHA 5 mg/m³ respirable fraction
Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): OSHA 5 mg/m³ respirable fraction
Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): OSHA 15 mg/m³ total dust
Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): OSHA 15 mg/m³ total dust
Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): OSHA 15 mg/m³ total dust

Titanium Dioxide
Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): ACGIH 10 mg/m³
A4

Quartz
Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): OSHA 0.05 mg/m³ respirable dust
Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): ACGIH 0.025 mg/m³ respirable fraction
A2

diuron (ISO)
Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): ACGIH 10 mg/m³
A4

OSHA = Occupational Safety and Health Administration.
ACGIH = American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists.
A4 = Not Classifiable as a Human Carcinogen.
A2 = Suspected Human Carcinogen.
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Additional Notes: WARNING! If you scrape, sand, or remove old paint, you may release lead dust. LEAD IS TOXIC. EXPOSURE TO LEAD DUST CAN CAUSE SERIOUS ILLNESS, SUCH AS BRAIN DAMAGE, ESPECIALLY IN CHILDREN. PREGNANT WOMEN SHOULD ALSO AVOID EXPOSURE. Wear a NIOSH-approved respirator to control lead exposure. Clean up carefully with a HEPA vacuum and a wet mop. Before you start, find how low to protect yourself and your family by contacting the National Lead Hotline at 1800-424-LEAD or log onto www.epa.gov/lead

Titanium Dioxide (CAS: 13463-67-7)
Immediate danger to life and health 5000 mg/m³

Quartz (CAS: 14808-60-7)
Immediate danger to life and health 25 mg/m³ 50 mg/m³

Exposure controls

Protective equipment

Appropriate engineering controls
Provide adequate ventilation. Personal, workplace environment or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls as the primary means to minimize worker exposure. Personal protective equipment should only be used if worker exposure cannot be controlled adequately by the engineering control measures. Ensure control measures are regularly inspected and maintained. Ensure operatives are trained to minimize exposure.

Eye/face protection
Eyewear complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates eye contact is possible. Personal protective equipment for eye and face protection should comply with OSHA 1910.133. Unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection is required, the following protection should be worn: Tight-fitting safety glasses.

Hand protection
Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates skin contact is possible. The most suitable glove should be chosen in consultation with the glove supplier/manufacturer, who can provide information about the breakthrough time of the glove material. To protect hands from chemicals, gloves should comply with OSHA 1910.138 and be demonstrated to be impervious to the chemical and resist degradation. Considering the data specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are retaining their protective properties and change them as soon as any deterioration is detected. Frequent changes are recommended.

Other skin and body protection
Appropriate footwear and additional protective clothing complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates skin contamination is possible.

Hygiene measures
Provide eyewash station and safety shower. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Clean equipment and the work area every day. Good personal hygiene procedures should be implemented. Wash at the end of each work shift and before eating, smoking and using the toilet. When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Preventive industrial medical examinations should be carried out. Warn cleaning personnel of any hazardous properties of the product.
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Respiratory protection

Respiratory protection complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates inhalation of contaminants is possible. Ensure all respiratory protective equipment is suitable for its intended use and is NIOSH approved. Check that the respirator fits tightly and the filter is changed regularly. Gas and combination filter cartridges should comply with OSHA 1910.134. Full face mask respirators with replaceable filter cartridges should comply with OSHA 1910.134. Half mask and quarter mask respirators with replaceable filter cartridges should comply with OSHA 1910.134.

Environmental exposure controls

Keep container tightly sealed when not in use. Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

9. Physical and chemical properties

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Information on basic physical and chemical properties</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Appearance</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Liquid.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Color</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>White.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Odor</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Almost odorless.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Odor threshold</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>No information available.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>pH</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8 -10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Melting point</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>No information available.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Initial boiling point and range</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>No information available.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flash point</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>No information available.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Evaporation rate</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>No information available.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flammability (solid, gas)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>No information available.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>No information available.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vapor pressure</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>No information available.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vapor density</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Heavier than air</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Relative density</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>No information available.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Solubility(ies)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>No information available.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Partition coefficient</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>No information available.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Auto-ignition temperature</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>No information available.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Decomposition Temperature</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>No information available.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Viscosity</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>No information available.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other information</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>None.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Volatile organic compound</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>No information available.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity

There are no known reactivity hazards associated with this product.
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Stability
Stable at normal ambient temperatures and when used as recommended. Stable under the prescribed storage conditions.

Possibility of hazardous reactions
No potentially hazardous reactions known.

Conditions to avoid
There are no known conditions that are likely to result in a hazardous situation.

Materials to avoid
No specific material or group of materials is likely to react with the product to produce a hazardous situation.

Hazardous decomposition products
Does not decompose when used and stored as recommended. Thermal decomposition or combustion products may include the following substances: Harmful gases or vapors.

11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity - oral
Notes (oral LD₅₀) Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Acute toxicity - dermal
Notes (dermal LD₅₀) Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Acute toxicity - inhalation
Notes (inhalation LC₅₀) Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Skin corrosion/irritation
Skin corrosion/irritation May cause serious chemical burns to the skin.

Animal data
Irritating.

Serious eye damage/irritation
Serious eye damage/irritation Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Respiratory sensitization
Respiratory sensitization Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Skin sensitization
Skin sensitization Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Germ cell mutagenicity
Genotoxicity - in vitro Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Carcinogenicity
Carcinogenicity May cause cancer.

IARC carcinogenicity
Contains a substance which may be potentially carcinogenic. IARC Group 2B Possibly carcinogenic to humans.

Reproductive toxicity

Reproductive toxicity - fertility Suspected of damaging fertility.

Reproductive toxicity - development Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure
STOT - single exposure Not classified as a specific target organ toxicant after a single exposure.
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<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>STOT - repeated exposure</th>
<th>Not classified as a specific target organ toxicant after repeated exposure.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Aspiration hazard</td>
<td>Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### General information
Avoid contact during pregnancy/while nursing. May damage fertility. May cause cancer after repeated exposure. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure. The severity of the symptoms described will vary dependent on the concentration and the length of exposure.

### Inhalation
Prolonged inhalation of high concentrations may damage respiratory system.

### Ingestion
May cause irritation.

### Skin Contact
Redness. Irritating to skin.

### Eye contact
May cause temporary eye irritation.

### Route of exposure
Ingestion Inhalation Skin and/or eye contact

### Target Organs
No specific target organs known.

### 12. Ecological information

#### Ecotoxicity
Not regarded as dangerous for the environment. However, large or frequent spills may have hazardous effects on the environment.

#### Toxicity
Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

#### Persistence and degradability
The degradability of the product is not known.

#### Bioaccumulative potential
No data available on bioaccumulation.

#### Partition coefficient
No information available.

#### Mobility in soil
No data available.

#### Other adverse effects
None known.

### 13. Disposal considerations

#### Waste treatment methods

##### General information
The generation of waste should be minimized or avoided wherever possible. Reuse or recycle products wherever possible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Disposal of this product, process solutions, residues and by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any local authority requirements. When handling waste, the safety precautions applying to handling of the product should be considered. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been thoroughly cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues and hence be potentially hazardous.

##### Disposal methods
Dispose of surplus products and those that cannot be recycled via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste, residues, empty containers, discarded work clothes and contaminated cleaning materials should be collected in designated containers, labeled with their contents. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.
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14. Transport information

General
The product is not covered by international regulations on the transport of dangerous goods (IMDG, IATA, DOT).

UN Number
UN No. (International) Not applicable.

UN proper shipping name
Proper shipping name (International) Not applicable.

Transport hazard class(es)
Transport Labels (International) No transport warning sign required.

Packing group
Packing group (International) Not applicable.

Environmental hazards
Environmentally Hazardous Substance
No.

Special precautions for user
Not applicable.

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code Not applicable.

15. Regulatory information

US Federal Regulations
SARA Section 302 Extremely Hazardous Substances Tier II Threshold Planning Quantities
None of the ingredients are listed or exempt.

CERCLA/Superfund, Hazardous Substances/Reportable Quantities (EPA)
The following ingredients are listed or exempt:

diuron (ISO)
Final CERCLA RQ: 100(45.4) pounds (Kilograms)

Ammonia
Final CERCLA RQ: 1000(454) pounds (Kilograms)

SARA Extremely Hazardous Substances EPCRA Reportable Quantities
None of the ingredients are listed or exempt.

SARA 313 Emission Reporting
The following ingredients are listed or exempt:

diuron (ISO) 1.0 %

Ammonia 1.0 %
CAA Accidental Release Prevention
None of the ingredients are listed or exempt.

FDA - Essential Chemical
None of the ingredients are listed or exempt.

FDA - Precursor Chemical
None of the ingredients are listed or exempt.

SARA (311/312) Hazard Categories
None of the ingredients are listed or exempt.

OSHA Highly Hazardous Chemicals
None of the ingredients are listed or exempt.

US State Regulations

California Proposition 65 Carcinogens and Reproductive Toxins
The following ingredients are listed or exempt:
- diuron (ISO)
- Diphenyl Ketone
- Titanium Dioxide

California Air Toxics "Hot Spots" (A-I)
None of the ingredients are listed or exempt.

California Air Toxics "Hot Spots" (A-II)
None of the ingredients are listed or exempt.

California Directors List of Hazardous Substances
The following ingredients are listed or exempt:
- diuron (ISO)
  Present.
- Sodium Hexametaphosphate
  Present.
- Ammonia
  Present.

Massachusetts "Right To Know" List
The following ingredients are listed or exempt:
- diuron (ISO)
  Present.
- Sodium Hexametaphosphate
  Present.
- Calcium Carbonate
  Present.
- Ammonia
  Present.
- Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed light paraffinic
  Present.
- Titanium Dioxide
  Present.
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Rhode Island "Right To Know" List
The following ingredients are listed or exempt:

diuron (ISO)
Present.

Calcium Carbonate
Present.

Titanium Dioxide
Present.

Propylene Glycol
Present.

Minnesotta "Right To Know" List
The following ingredients are listed or exempt:

diuron (ISO)
Present.

Calcium Carbonate
Present.

Diphenyl Ketone
Present.

Titanium Dioxide
Present.

Propylene Glycol
Present.

New Jersey "Right To Know" List
The following ingredients are listed or exempt:

diuron (ISO)
Present.

Calcium Carbonate
Present.

Ammonia
Present.

Titanium Dioxide
Present.

Propylene Glycol
Present.

Pennsylvania "Right To Know" List
The following ingredients are listed or exempt:

diuron (ISO)
Present.

Sodium Hexametaphosphate
Present.

Calcium Carbonate
Present.

Ammonia
Present.
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Titanium Dioxide
Present.

Propylene Glycol
Present.

Inventories
US - TSCA
The following ingredients are listed or exempt:

Water
Present.

Texanol
Present.

Bermocoll E 481 FQ
Present.

diuron (ISO)
Present.

octhilinone (ISO)
Present.

1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one
Present.

2-methylisothiazol-3(2H)-one
Present.

5-Chloro-2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one
Present.

Alcohols, C11-15-secondary, ethoxylated
Present.

Ethoxylated 2,4,7,9-tetramethyl 5 decyn-4,7-diol
Present.

2,4,7,9-tetramethyl-5decyne-4-,7-diol
Present.

Sodium Hexametaphosphate
Present.

Calcium Carbonate
Present.

Diphenyl Ketone
Present.

Ammonia
Present.

Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed light paraffinic
Present.

Titanium Dioxide
Present.

Propylene Glycol
Present.

US - TSCA 12(b) Export Notification
The following ingredients are listed or exempt:
LAHABRA PERMA PRIME

2-methylisothiazol-3(2H)-one
Present.

5-Chloro-2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one
Present.

Diphenyl Ketone
Present.

### 16. Other information

**Training advice**
Read and follow manufacturer's recommendations. Only trained personnel should use this material.

**Revision comments**
NOTE: Lines within the margin indicate significant changes from the previous revision.

**Revision date**
6/25/2019

**Revision**
2

**Supersedes date**
8/31/2018

**SDS No.**
4783

**Hazard statements in full**
H302 Harmful if swallowed.
H315 Causes skin irritation.
H350 May cause cancer.
H351 Suspected of causing cancer.
H361 Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.
H372 Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.
H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

**ACA HMIS Health rating.** 1

**ACA HMIS Flammability rating.** 0

**ACA HMIS Physical hazard rating.** 0

**ACA HMIS Personal protection rating.** B

This information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process. Such information is, to the best of the company's knowledge and belief, accurate and reliable as of the date indicated. However, no warranty, guarantee or representation is made to its accuracy, reliability or completeness. It is the user's responsibility to satisfy himself as to the suitability of such information for his own particular use.